Consumer guide to skin clinics

If you notice any new spots or changes in the colour, size or shape of existing spots, see your general practitioner (GP) as soon as possible. Early detection is crucial. Most skin cancers can be successfully treated if detected early.

If you notice any changes it is best to see your GP. They can examine your skin and advise you of the most appropriate course of action. This may involve a minor procedure to remove the spot or to take a small sample for testing.

Referral
If you have a suspicious spot, your GP may refer you to a specialist such as a dermatologist for diagnosis and/or treatment. You can also ask your GP to refer you to a specialist for a second opinion.

A dermatologist is a doctor who has completed additional training to specialise in diagnosing and treating skin disease, including skin cancer.

If you would like to see a dermatologist you should keep the following in mind:

- You should ask for a referral from a GP.
- Ask what fees may be charged and what proportion of these are covered by Medicare.
- There may be a long waiting list. If you have a spot of particular concern, your referring GP should organise an early appointment.
- If you live in regional Victoria there may not be a local dermatologist. However, many regional areas do have visiting dermatologists. Your GP should be able to advise you.

Skin cancer clinics
Some people may attend a skin cancer clinic, rather than visit a GP. There are many skin clinics offering a variety of services and fee arrangements. Skin clinics are usually operated by GPs. Some may offer bulk billing for some of their services.

Research shows skin cancer clinics may not necessarily offer a higher level of expertise than your GP. Before deciding whether to go to a skin clinic, it is important you find out about the services offered and the expertise of the employees.

Cancer Council Victoria does not operate or endorse any skin cancer clinics.

Choosing a skin clinic
The following should help you decide whether the clinic you are considering is one that suits your needs. There are four main points to consider when choosing and using a skin clinic:

1. Qualifications and experience of staff
   Questions you should ask include:
   - What are the qualifications, skills and experience of the person examining my skin?
   - Will a qualified dermatologist or a specially trained GP check my skin?
   - Are employees who perform skin checks members of any professional associations relevant to skin cancer, such as the Australasian College of Dermatologists or the Royal Australian College of General Practitioners?
   - If there are photos taken of spots/moles, who will review these? They should be reviewed by a dermatologist.

2. Costs
   Some clinics bulk bill for the first visit; others require payment up front. When you make your appointment ask if the clinic bulk bills and whether there might be other additional costs.

   For example, if the person examining your skin believes you have a skin cancer, they may want to do a biopsy to test the spot or remove the whole spot and have it sent for testing. This may involve extra charges that cannot be bulk billed.
Before you proceed:
- Ask for the full cost of each procedure and how much is refundable through Medicare.
- Ask for all procedures and treatments, including removal of spots, to be explained.
- If you are in a private health fund, check first if the plan covers these procedures.
- If you can’t afford a procedure at the moment, ask if it is urgent or if you can return when you can afford it. You may be able to have it done at lower cost at a public hospital or through your GP.
- If the clinic uses scanning technology, do they charge more for storing your images and for follow-up appointments?

3. Diagnosis and treatment
If you are told you have skin cancer, ask:
- What type of skin cancer do I have?
- How extensive is the skin cancer?
- Do I need treatment immediately?
- Is the person offering treatment well trained to do so?
- What are the treatment options and the benefits/risks of each treatment option?
- Will I be referred to a dermatologist if I have not seen one already?
- Will the clinic inform my GP of my diagnosis and any treatment I may have?

4. Information and follow-up
Once you have had your skin examined, the clinic should also give information about skin cancer prevention and any follow-up you may need.

Ask the clinic for:
- results of any tests you have had
- information about skin cancer
- information about prevention and sun protection
- information about checking your own skin
- a reminder letter about future check-ups
- a record of your diagnosis and treatment to be sent to your GP.

You can also get information and support from the Cancer Council on 13 11 20.

Things to remember
It is your right to seek a second opinion about any diagnosis and proposed treatment. A GP will refer you to a dermatologist if they feel it is necessary. You can arrange to see a dermatologist without a GP referral, but your Medicare rebate may be smaller.

Skin cancer, especially melanoma, should be treated promptly after diagnosis. Almost all cases of melanoma require specialist care. If your GP suspects a melanoma, they may refer you to a local surgeon or a specialist melanoma centre.

The risks for most treatments will be minor, but may include infection, pain and permanent scarring. Whoever plans your treatment should also provide follow-up care and information.

Further information and resources
*Early detection of skin cancer* information sheet and other information is available at sunsmart.com.au.

*Melanoma and Common Skin Cancers* booklets are available at cancervic.org.au or contact Cancer Council on 13 11 20.

UV-protective clothing and accessories can be purchased at Cancer Council Victoria’s shop or online at cancervic.org.au/store.

This information is based on current available evidence at the time of review. It can be photocopied for distribution.

Updated: October 2014